

RATES FOR WANT ADS.

Ads in this column will be inserted at:

Per line, one insertion15c
Per line, two insertions25c
Per line, one week30c
Per line, two weeks40c
Per line, one month60c

This is the cheapest advertising ever offered the people of Honolulu.

EVERYDAY WANTS AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY

HAWAII'S GREATEST OPPORTUNITY FOR LARGE RETURNS ON SMALL INVESTMENTS

DO YOU WANT ANYTHING?

If so, consult these columns.
If you want employee or if you want employment.
If you want lodging or boarding, or have them to let. If you want to rent rooms, advertise in the Bulletin Want Columns. Advertise any want you have and advertise your business.

WANTS

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Young lady will take temporary position as housekeeper.
2204-1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BOWERS' MERCHANT PATROL AND CONFIDENTIAL AGENCY—Night watchmen furnished for buildings, business property and residences. Office and Residence, School St.; P. O. Box 284; Tel. White 3691.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and business wagon; mare is good and kind, guaranteed. For sale cheap. Enquire, 1346 Fort street. 2209-1w

FOR SALE—Fine lot on College Hill, 100 x 150; cash, \$1100. W. L. Eaton. 2209-1w

IT IS A PLEASURE to use Pacheco's Dandruff Killer; it may be used freely every day because it is an ideal tonic for the hair. At Union Barber Shop.

GASOLINE ENGINE FOR SALE—44 horsepower gasoline engine, in perfect condition. Apply to M. L. Smith Superintendent of The Honolulu Clay Co. Ltd., telephone white 2321, or to Castle & Lansdale, Stangenwald Bldg. 2165-1f

FOR SALE—1 drill press, 1 pipe cutter, cuts up to six inches; all new machines, now on hand in Honolulu; also one steam launch. W. H. Pain, Punahou. 2126-1f

FOR SALE—Coral rock for filling. Address R. M. Duncan, at Bulletin office. 1991-1f

TO LET.

FOR RENT—Half of a furnished 6-room cottage, suitable for light housekeeping, mosquito proof. 439 Lunalilo, 4th house mauka from Pensacola and Rapid Transit. 2210-1w

A MARRIED couple with no family have a nicely furnished room for single gentleman. Apply at Globe Bakery, Fort St., above Vineyard. 2207-1w

TO LET—Aly mosquito proof suite, furnished; board if desired. 144 Bostonia Ave. near Fort. 2207-1f

FOR RENT—Room 308 Judd building. Apply room 309. 2199-1f

FOR RENT—\$15 house, 5 r. and bath. F. J. Russell, Magoon bldg. 2198-1f

TO LET—Cottages, all modern improvements; \$10 to \$20. Apply to A. G. Cunha, 2d house above Mormon Church. 2202-1m

FOR RENT—Two elegant suites of rooms, suitable for office or living. Metropole bldg., Alakea St. Apply Honolulu Investment Co., Ltd., Judd bldg. 2201-1f

TO LET—Rooms Nos. 11 and 12, McIntyre Building, formerly occupied by Vickers' Art Exhibit. Apply to E. F. Bishop, at C. Brewer & Co.'s. 2117-1f

TO LET—House on Young Street at \$30 per month; formerly occupied by W. Needham Esq., near McCully Tract. Has three sleeping rooms, bath, hot and cold water. Apply E. F. Bishop, at C. Brewer & Co. 2117-1f

FOR RENT—Six room cottage, Lunalilo street near Pensacola; \$35. Honolulu Investment Co., Judd Bldg. 24-1f

TO LET—Roomy bath tub, with either hot or cold water and all modern improvements. Call at Silent Barber Shop. 2019-1f

TO LET—Furnished rooms at Mrs. McConnel's, Garden Lane 2055-1f

ROOM AND BOARD.

HELEN'S COURT—Most centrally located mosquito-proof rooms in town; \$2.50 and up per week; Adams lane. Mrs. J. Duggan, Prop. 2051-1f

NO. 1. RICE STRAW

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—No. 1 rice straw for sale, or will exchange for stable manure. Enquire Goung Sing Loy or at plantation Mollin. 2197-1m

LOST.

LOST—Many thousands of dollars through neglecting to have stock sufficiently insured. Honolulu Investment Co., represent four of the strongest fire insurance companies. 2051-1f

FOUND.

FOUND—Insurance against the breakage of plate glass at The Honolulu Investment Co. 2051-1f

Fine job printing at the Bulletin office.

HELP WANTED.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Have your machine put in condition for neat work. We repair the best and cheapest. For positions leave your address with us.
WASHINGTON LIGHT CO.

F. E. KING'S LIST.

FOR RENT.
Nicely furnished housekeeping rooms at Cottage Grove.
Five-room COTTAGE, King Place; \$20.

FOR LEASE.
LOTS at the Beach; 18 years to run. Good bathing. \$75 to \$100 per year.

FOR SALE.
COTTAGE, barn, bath house, all new, at the Beach; \$800; terms \$150 down, balance, \$25 per month on 18 year lease.

F. E. KING,
Cottage Grove, King Street.

FOR RENT.

WATERHOUSE & PODMORE, 39 S. King St. cor. Bethel, are offering:

COTTAGE of 4 rooms at Walkiki.

RESIDENCE of Fred. T. P. Waterhouse, Wylie St., Nuuanu Valley, near the Rapid Transit Terminal.

—AGENTS—
Phoenix Insurance Co. of Hartford.
Columbia Bar-Lock Typewriters.

DAN PATCH TROTS
A REMARKABLE RACE

Cleveland, O., July 23.—The 2:04 pace and the 2:07 trotting furnished sensational races for the record breaking crowd of 11,000 that attended the Grand Circuit races here today. The unbeaten Dan Patch was almost a 1-to-5 favorite for the pace, and he won, but failed to cut his record to 2:03½, when chased out in the opening heat by Riley B. The performance did not tire the favorite in the least and he took the deciding heat with ease.

The first heat of the 2:07 trot went to The Monk, who had sold at \$50 to 10 on the field. Lord Derby was far back, and the judges decided that Spear had made an improper drive. He was taken down and George Saunders put up behind Lord Derby. The drive in the stretch was terrific and The Monk was stripped at the wire. Lord Derby trotted the last half in 1:00½. A bad break put him out of the going in the deciding heat, and the judges fined Spear \$250 and gave the money to the substituted driver. All bets on the race were declared off. Summary:

Trotting, 2:12 class, purse \$3000; three in five—Waubun won the third, fourth and fifth heats. In 2:10½, 2:12, 2:12½. Hesperus won the first and second heats in 2:09½, 2:11. Lady Thebe, Bell Kuser, Ruth M., Poindexter, Dan T., Denny C., and Iva Dee also started.

Pacing, 2:15 class, purse \$3000; three in five—Direct Hal won the first, third and fourth heats in 2:08½, 2:10, 2:10. Elder One won the second heat in 2:09½. Pauline G., Schley Pointer, Mosie Moore, H. J. P. and Gold Brick also started.

Trotting, 2:07 class, purse \$2000, two in three—The Monk won the first and third heats in 2:07½, 2:10½. Lord Derby won the second heat in 2:07½. Dolly Dillon also started.

Pacing, 2:04 class, purse \$1500, two in three—Dan Patch won two straight heats. Time, by quarters: First, 0:31, 1:02½, 1:33, 2:03½. Second: 0:31, 1:02, 1:33½, 2:05½. Riley B., Searchlight, Connor and Indiana also started.

YACHTSMAN KNOCKED OUT.

Boston, July 23.—A. G. McVey, yachting editor of the Boston Herald, was knocked down by B. B. Crowninshield, designer of the Lawson sloop, Independence, and many famous small racing craft, at the Manchester Yacht Club late this afternoon. The trouble arose over some remarks made by Mrs. Crowninshield to her husband concerning McVey, to which the latter replied, Crowninshield was at Manchester, watching the trial of the new twenty-one-footer Hades, which he designed for a syndicate of Manchester yachtsmen.

It was said by some of the bystanders that Mrs. Crowninshield remarked to her husband as McVey approached: "There is the wretch now; why don't you throw him overboard?"

McVey replied tartly, "It would have been better if he had thrown you overboard when he first met you."

The knockdown followed.

The Bulletin, 75 cents per month.

Wm. J. Bryan Explains His Harmony Plan

Nantasket, Mass., July 24.—In a great tent on the shore of Massachusetts bay for hours today a throng of men and not a few women listened to distinguished orators from various parts of the United States as they delivered addresses upon the principal political issues from the Democratic point of view. The speechmaking followed a day banquet, the first to be given by the recently organized New England Democrat League, in the Rockland Hotel, at which about 300 were present. The entire program was intended to give the league, the membership of which embraces many of the leading Democrats of New England, a fitting introduction to the public. To this end the list of speakers was made as notable as possible, and the league was able to present Hon. P. A. Collins, former Consul General to London and now Mayor of Boston, as presiding officer; W. J. Bryan, twice Democratic Presidential candidate; Edward M. Shepard of New York, recent Democratic candidate for Mayor of that city, and Senator E. W. Carmack, of Tennessee, to make addresses. Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas was expected to attend, but he sent a letter instead.

To Harmonize Democrats.
From the first the committee tried to keep constantly before those interested the fact that the league did not propose to boom any candidate for the Presidency. To quote Secretary Henry F. Hollis: "The New England League is simply organized to harmonize all Democrats and to conduct the Congressional campaign in every one of the New England States. We expect to elect a Democrat in ex-Speaker Reed's district in Maine, and also to get one district in Rhode Island. There will be no issue of gold or silver."

For an hour or more following breakfast Mr. Bryan was "at home" to a few friends at the hotel. There was no public reception. At 10 o'clock Mr. Bryan went to Tremont Temple to address the Newboys' Protective Association. The other members of the party occupied the time in various ways, and shortly after 11 o'clock under escort of the committee the visitors went to the steamboat wharf to embark for Nantasket. On arrival there the party proceeded at once to the Rockland House.

Bryan Harmony Basis.
The Hon. W. J. Bryan responded to the toast, "The Basis of Harmony." He said in part:

"In view of the numerous harmony dinners and the discord they have created, it may not be out of place to consider the basis of harmony. The word 'harmony' is euphonious, and the idea which it conveys is a delighted one. Harmony is but a synonym for order, and is not the result of chance, but a product of inexorable law. 'The great founder of the Democratic party, whose profound philosophy sounded all the depths of human nature and measured the height and breadth of human government, not long before the end of his eventful life said in a letter to Mr. Lee that there were two permanent parties, the aristocratic and the Democratic; that those two parties existed in every country, and that where there was freedom to think, speak and write these parties would become apparent. With the aristocratic party he classed 'those who fear and distrust the people and wish to draw all power from them into the hands of the higher classes.' With the Democratic party he classed 'those who identify themselves with the people, have confidence in them, cherish and consider them as the most honest and safe, though not the most wise, depository of the public interest.' Every well informed student of history will recognize this distinction. In every community you can draw a line separating the aristocrat from the Democrat. It will not be a perpendicular line, nor will it be a horizontal one; it will not separate those of illustrious lineage from those of humble birth; it will not separate the rich from the poor; it will not separate the educated from the uneducated; it will not be along lines of vocation or occupation; but it will separate those 'with the tastes, spirit, assumption and traditions of the aristocracy' from those 'who believe in a government controlled by the people and favor political and legal equality.'

The Jeffersonian Purpose.
"There can always be harmony among Democrats who have the purpose that Jefferson had and are willing to employ the methods that Jefferson employed. There can always be harmony among Democrats who believe in a government of the people and are willing that all the departments of the government shall be operated by the people and for the benefit of the people. Differences of the mind can be reconciled; differences of purpose cannot. Between one who is at heart an aristocrat and one who is in reality a Democrat there is a great gulf fixed. 'To attempt to patch up an apparent harmony between those who are not in sympathy with Democratic purposes is not only a waste of time but would prove disastrous. The men who deserted the party in 1896 may be divided into two classes. Those who left because they understood the issue presented and those who left because they did not understand the real nature of the contest. Until the former are completely changed in their sympathies they cannot return to the party without injuring it. The latter will be reconciled to the party when they themselves become aware of the real character of the life and death struggle now being waged between plutocracy and Democracy. I say plutocracy because the aristocracy of today is one of wealth rather than of birth, and it includes not only those who have been alienated from the common people by the possession of great wealth, but those who, although without wealth, pandor to it and measure all things by a money standard. Organized wealth has become so potent in governmental affairs that some even now despair of applying any effective remedy. But such underestimate the patriotism of the people and the strength of the public conscience. The people have a remedy within their power, namely, the ballot, and with it they can and will right every wrong and remedy every grievance."

A Controlling Purpose.
"The Democratic party must have a controlling purpose, unchanged by victory or defeat; it must stand for that purpose at all times and everywhere unmoved by threats of disaster and uninfluenced by promise or temporary gain. It must have a character, for character, is as essential in a party as it is in an individual. No one will trust an unstable man or one so without principle that his position upon any moral question cannot be guessed in advance."

Issues Are Doubtful.
"We cannot tell what issues we may have to meet; we can only determine to meet them in a democratic spirit, to apply to them democratic principles and to take the people's side always. In 1892 the paramount issue was tariff reform, and the Democratic party boldly asserted its demand for a tariff or revenue only. It fought the campaign and it won, but its majority was so narrow that a few Senators, disloyal to the party on this subject, defeated the tariff of the people rendered at the polls. But the failure of the party to do all that it promised would not have been so disastrous but for the fact that the Wilson bill, unsatisfactory as it was to tariff reformers, had to bear the sins of a Republican financial system which was supported by our Administration against the protest of an overwhelming majority of the voters of the party. The defeat of 1894 was more disastrous than any that the party has experienced since, and it was due to the fact that the Administration deserted the people on the money question. In 1896 the money question was forged to the front, made paramount not by the action of the majority of the Democratic party, but by the attempt of a minority of the party to aid the Republican party to chain the country to an appreciating dollar. Without abandoning its position on the tariff question, the party met this issue and took the side of the people. In spite of the desertion of many formerly conspicuous in its councils, the Democratic party polled a million more votes than it had ever polled before, and would have won but for the indefensible methods of the Republican party, whose leaders held all the protectionist Republicans by declaring the tariff issue to be paramount, mollified the wrath of most of the free silver Republicans by promising international bimetalism, and won all the advocates of the gold standard by revealing to them the secret purpose of the party to adopt a European financial system. But even then we would have won but for the fact that borrowers were coerced and employees intimidated."

Effect of the War.
"In 1900 the action of the Republican party in turning a war commenced for humanity into a war of conquest compelled the consideration of another question—a question so far-reaching in

its consequences that our party rightfully declared it to be the paramount issue. Without abandoning its position on the tariff question or on the money question it again espoused the people's side of a great issue. That it did not win that year was due to a conjunction of causes, any one of which would have been insufficient to have accomplished defeat. The administration having carried on a brief and successful war, felt held to the enthusiasm which usually attends a victorious conflict; an unexpected increase in the supply of new gold and an unexpected influx of European gold, due to large crops here and a famine abroad, increased prices, relieved the stress of hard times and gave to the people the benefits that always flow from a growing volume of money. While the advantages which followed a larger volume of money vindicated the principle contended for by bimetalists, they were appropriated by the party in power and those who were influenced by conditions without attempting to realize the conditions gave the Republican party credit for an increasing prosperity."

Protected Manufacturers.
"The protected manufacturers, of course, stood by the administration which had given them a Dingley law. Trust promoters and trust magnates, recognizing in the Democratic party an inveterate foe, and numbering among their stockholders many of the most influential Republicans, threw all their strength to the Republican party, and by their support purchased immunity from punishment. The Republicans were greatly aided by another influence, namely, the influence of the financiers, who, not yet having completed their schemes, were willing to risk trusts, imperialism or anything else rather than forego the advantage which they expected from a gold standard and a bank currency. In spite of all these obstacles the campaign of 1900 only showed a net change of 150,000 votes in favor of the Republicans out of a total vote of over 13,000,000. And what is the situation today? Since the election of 1900 imperialism is more openly avowed and imperialistic methods more boldly entered upon because the administration can point to that election as an apparent endorsement, although the party leaders at that time vehemently denied imperialistic intent. Those who expect to make a profit out of a colonial system favor it on the ground that it will pay; those who think that it opened up the Philippines to proselytizing insist that it is simply seeking some reason for supporting their party's policy fall back upon the doctrine that circumstances got us into the trouble, and that we must stay in until circumstances get us out."

The Flourishing Trusts.
"Since the election of 1900 the trusts have grown and flourished under the Republican administration, as might have been expected. Almost two years have elapsed since the last Presidential election, and no legislative attempt has been made to interfere with them, and the executive efforts, instead of being directed toward the enforcement of criminal statutes, are confined to the equity side of the court, and these efforts have not in the least retarded the formation of new combines."

"How can the opponents of aristocracy and plutocracy be united for a successful attack upon entrenched privileges? Not by making peace with the enemy; not by imitating their works, their methods or their phraseology, but by honest, straightforward appeal to the American people upon a platform that can be understood and with an organization that can be trusted."

KING VICTOR EMMANUEL OF ITALY, WHO HAS BEEN VISITING.

There have been much visiting and hobnobbing between European rulers this year. The latest affair of this kind was the recent visit of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy to Berlin and St. Petersburg. It is said that both Emperor William and Czar Nicholas will return the visit. If the czar goes to Rome, it will be the first time any Russian emperor has visited a king of Italy.



KING VICTOR EMMANUEL OF ITALY, WHO HAS BEEN VISITING.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ATTORNEYS.

KELLEY & ROBINSON—Attorneys at Law; Rooms 11 and 12, Magoon bldg.; Phone Main 153.

F. M. BROOKS—Attorney; rooms 9-10, Spreckels bldg.; Tel. Main 344.

CARLOS A. LONG—Attorney; 15 Kaahumanu St.; Tel. 381 Main.

J. M. DAVIDSON—Attorney-at-Law; 109 Kaahumanu St.

BUILDERS.

McDONALD & LANGSTON—Contractors and Builders; 1188 Union St.

BICYCLE REPAIRING.

C. A. COWAN—1186 Union St., opp. Pacific Club; sundries, etc.

BROKERS.

E. J. WALKER—Coffee Broker; room 4, Spreckels bldg.

CARRIAGES.

PACIFIC VEHICLE & SUPPLY CO.—Fine carriages, wagons, harness and whips; Beretania near Fort St.

CLOTHING.

THE KASH CO., LTD.—Two stores 23 27 Hotel St. and cor. Fort & Hotel.

DENTISTS.

ALBERT B. CLARK, D.D.S.—Cor. Beretania and Miller; hours 9 to 4.

DR. DERBY—Dentist; Fort and Hotel Sts.; Gas administered for extracting.

ENGINEERS.

E. TAPPAN TANNATT—Civil and electrical engineer; office, room 4, Spreckels Block; residence, 1313 Wilder Ave.; Tel. Main 132.

ENGRAVERS.

W. BEAKSANE—Card engraving and stamping; room 2, Elite bldg.

EXPRESS.

MERCHANTS' PARCEL DELIVERY—Belbel St., opp. Waverly bldg.; Tel. 651 Blue; pkgs. called for and delivered.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

CALIFORNIA HARNESS SHOP—Fort St., opp. Club Stables; P. O. box 791.

HOTELS.

THE PACIFIC HOTEL—1182 Union St. opposite Pacific Club. Newly furnished rooms; mosquito proof; electric lights; hot and cold water; first-class table board. Mrs. Hana, Prop.

JEWELER.

THOS. LINDSAY—Mfg. Jeweler and watchmaker; 530 Fort St.; Love bldg.; latest in novelties.

MESSENGER SERVICE.

TERRITORIAL MESSENGER SERVICE—Union St. nr. Hotel; Tel. 351 Main.

MUSIC.

COOK'S MUSIC SCHOOL—Love bldg. will hold summer term during July and August. 2200-1f

ANNIS MONTAGUE TURNER—Vocal Instructor; "Mignon," 1024 Beretania St.

IOLANI QUINTET—E. P. Hatfield, Mgr. Music for all occasions. E. K. Kaa's studio; Tel. M. 231.

MOANA QUINTET CLUB—Music for all occasions. Leave orders Bergstrom Music Co.; J. S. Ellis, Mgr.

E. K. KAAI—Teacher of string instruments; studio, Love bldg., Fort St. Telephone Main 231.

MILLINERY.

HAWLEY'S MILLINERY PARLORS—The latest in millinery, etc.; Boston bldg.; Tel. 264 Main.

PLUMBING.

ANTONE PILARES & CO.—Plumbers and Smiths. All kinds of sanitary work. Sewer connections a specialty. Charges to suit the times. Corner Vineyard and Emma.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. SLOGGETT—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; office at Eye and Ear Infirmary, Alakea St. Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

DR. WM. G. ROGERS—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; 1146 Alakea St.

REAL ESTATE.

P. E. R. STRAUCH—Real Estate handled to best advantage; houses rented; loans negotiated; money invested on best securities. 32 Campbell Block, 316 Fort street.

STRAW HATS.

E. MORIKUCHI—14 Hotel St., nr. Union. Pelt. straw, Panama hats

TAILORS.

ALBERT BERNDT—Tailoring and repairs; Elks bldg., 616 Miller St.

ISLAND OF MAUI, LAHAINA.

SUGAR ESTATES, MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, BEAUTIFUL DRIVES, SHIPPING FACILITIES, ETC.

DRAYAGE.

G. H. DUNN—Express and drayage; Agt Wilder and Inter-Island Tel. 113

STABLES.

BISMARCK STABLES CO., LTD.—Wailuku Maui. New vehicles, live stock. Prices reasonable. Carriages attend arrival and departure of all regular steamers at Kahului and Maalaea Bay.

ORDER rig from Pioneer Stables. Elegant turnouts; Telephone No. 128.

GENERAL STORES.

LAHAINA STORE—Lumber, Wholesale Liquors, Merchandise. C. B. Olsen, Manager.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. WILLIAM PETERS—Physician and surgeon; Lahaina, Maui.

HOTELS.

WAILUKU HOTEL—Wailuku. Geo. B. Schneider, prop. Fine grounds and best accommodations. \$2.00 per day.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

G. H. DUNN—Notary Public, Conveyances, Deputy Tax Collector, Legal Documents. Office Government bldg.

Soldier's Duty
DONE IN
Cholera Camps

Washington, July 23.—The epidemic of cholera has been particularly hard upon the medical corps of the Army stationed in the Philippine Islands, and the casualty list received here shows that the surgeons and the hospital corps have borne their share of the suffering. Surgeon General Forwood received a copy of one of the orders, in which these casualties are announced as follows:

"The death of Private Joseph G. Meiselman, Hospital Corps; United States Army, is announced. Private Meiselman was detailed to face death as a cholera nurse for one of our comrades, and died from the disease caught from his charge—an example of devotion to duty to be held up for all men to emulate.

"Private Leonard B. Stevenson, Hospital Corps, United States Army, was detailed to nurse both of our comrades, with the knowledge that his predecessor had been cut down while performing the same duty. Without a murmur he responded, and remained till the sad covered his plague-stricken charges, and then he returned to his routine duties.

"The men of this command who have faced death amid the whirl of bullets and the excitement of a fight can readily appreciate the courage required to daily await its approach in the form of one of the most dreaded diseases known to the world today, and the commanding officers makes this an opportunity to publicly acknowledge that 'duty well done,' is the highest aim of a soldier. Is a goal Private Stevenson has reached.

"This order will be published at parade on Tuesday, the 27th inst., and at general inspection of the Hospital Corps on the 31st."

Major Glenn Is
Found Guilty

Washington, July 22.—Secretary Root today sent to the President at Oyster Bay the proceedings and findings in the court martial cases of Major Edwin F. Glenn, Fifth Infantry; Lieut. John E. Gaujot, Tenth Cavalry; and Lieut. Norman E. Cook of the Philippine Scouts. Glenn was found guilty of administering the "water cure" to natives, or permitting it to be done, and was sentenced to one month's suspension from duty and fined \$50. Lieut. Cook was acquitted on a charge of giving orders to kill three Filipino prisoners. The testimony showed that he had given orders to shoot the prisoners if they attempted to escape. The Philippine Scouts to whom this order was given thought it meant to shoot the prisoners.

In forwarding the cases to the President the Secretary recommends that the sentences and findings be approved, but that no other action shall be taken. It is not believed that the President, who is the reviewing authority in these cases, will make any comments such as were delivered by him in the case of General Smith. It is shown in the evidence and reports that Major Glenn has performed excellent service and has done much to pacify the country where he has been in command.

BRIDEGROOM SUE.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 23.—While enjoying his bridal tour here J. Howard Whelan, a millionaire member of one of Philadelphia's oldest families, was served this afternoon with papers in a \$2